
























MAJOR DIVISION			GROUP SYMBOL	LETTER SYMBOL	GROUP NAME
COARSE GRAINED SOILS CONTAINS MORE THAN 50% FINES	GRAVEL AND GRAVELLY SOILS MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION <u>RETAINED</u> ON NO. 4 SIEVE	GRAVEL WITH <u>5% FINES</u>		GW	Well-graded GRAVEL
				GP	Poorly graded GRAVEL
		GRAVEL WITH BETWEEN 5% AND 15% FINES		GW-GM	Well-graded GRAVEL with silt
				GW-GC	Well-graded GRAVEL with clay
				GP-GM	Poorly graded GRAVEL with silt
				GP-GC	Poorly graded GRAVEL with clay
		GRAVEL WITH ≥ 15% FINES		GM	Silty GRAVEL
				GC	Clayey GRAVEL
	SAND AND SANDY SOILS MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION <u>PASSING</u> ON NO. 4 SIEVE	SAND WITH <u>5% FINES</u>		SW	Well-graded SAND
				SP	Poorly graded SAND
		SAND WITH BETWEEN 5% AND 15% FINES		SW-SM	Well-graded SAND with silt
				SW-SC	Well-graded SAND with clay
				SP-SM	Poorly graded SAND with silt
				SP-SC	Poorly graded SAND with clay
		SAND WITH ≥ 15% FINES		SM	Silty SAND
				SC	Clayey SAND
FINE GRAINED SOILS CONTAINS MORE THAN 50% FINES	SILT AND CLAY	LIQUID LIMIT <u>LESS</u> THAN 50		ML	Inorganic SILT with low plasticity
				CL	Lean inorganic CLAY with low plasticity
				OL	Organic SILT with low plasticity
		LIQUID LIMIT <u>GREATER</u> THAN 50		MH	Elastic inorganic SILT with moderate to high plasticity
				CH	Fat inorganic CLAY with moderate to high plasticity
				OH	Organic SILT or CLAY with moderate to high plasticity
			HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS		

Notes

1. Sample descriptions are based on visual field and laboratory observations using classification methods of ASTM D2488. Where laboratory data are available, classifications are in accordance with ASTM D2487.
2. Same percentage distribution and group name method applies to fine-grained soils and % of sand and gravel it contains.
3. Fines are material passing the U.S. Std. #200 Sieve.



PDI Portland Harbor Superfund Site
Pre-Remedial Design and Baseline
Sampling
Portland, OR

Appendix A-1: Summary
of the ASTM Visual-Soil
Classification Method

Appendix A-1 Portland Harbor PDI Sediment Sample Logging Key

Visual Sediment Descriptions consist of the following:

- Moisture content
- Density/consistency (estimated based on visual observation)
- Color (Munsell Number)
- Major/Minor Constituents
- Amount and shape of minor constituents and major constituent structure
- Sheen and odor
- Redox potential discontinuity

Example: wet, soft, olive green (GLE 1, 5/10Y) clayey SILT, little sand, moderate shell fragments, and trace twigs and rootlets. Silt texture is uniform, slightly compressible, massive, blocky, and of low plasticity. Slight odor and trace sheen. RPD 1 cm.

Sediment Description Terminology:

Estimated based on visual observations

Moisture Content

Dry	Little perceptible moisture
Damp	Some perceptible moisture, probably below optimum
Moist	Probably near optimum moisture content, no visible water
Wet	Visible free water, probably above optimum

Density: Visual Core Drive Penetration

SAND or GRAVEL		SILT or CLAY
Density	Visual	Consistency
Very loose	freefall	Very soft
Loose	easy penetration	Soft
Medium dense	moderate penetration	Medium stiff
Dense	hard penetration	Stiff
Very dense	refusal	Very Stiff/Hard

Color descriptions in Munsell Charts

MAJOR and Minor Constituent % (by weight)

Core Logs	Percent	Field Logs
Trace (clay, silt, etc.)	0-5	not identified
Few (clay, silt, etc.)	5-15	Slightly (clayey, silty, etc.)
Little (clay, silt, etc.)	15-30	Clayey, silty, sandy, gravelly
Clayey, silty, sandy, gravelly	30-50	Very (clayey, silty, sandy, etc.)
GROUP NAME	> 50	GROUP NAME

Structure

Stratified	Alternating layers of varied material/color at least 1/4" thick
Laminated	Alternating layers of varied material/color at least 1/4 mm thick
Blocky	Cohesive soil that can be broken down into smaller lumps
Spongy	Organic and compressible nature
Lensed	Inclusion of thin discontinuous layers of different sediment
Homogenous/Massive	Same color and appearance throughout
Fibrous	Stringy or rope like structure
Seam	1/16 to 1/2" thick
Layer	greater than 1/2" thick
Interbedded	Multiple beds within a unit
Rolls Easily	Play-dough like (plasticity observation)
Angular	Sharp edges
Subangular	Rounded edges
Subrounded	Well-rounded edges
Rounded	Smoothed, no edges

Other Minor Constituents: % (by volume)

(i.e., shells, wood, organics, plastic, non-native debris)

Trace	0-5
Scattered	5-10
Moderate	10-30
Substantial	30-50
GROUP NAME	> 50

Odor Descriptions

none
trace
slight
moderate
strong

Sheen Test- % coverage

S.T. = Sheen test visual analysis	
none, trace	<2
slight sheen	2-15
moderate sheen	15-40
moderate to heavy	40-70
heavy	>70

Sheen Test- Visual Description

rainbow	multicolored
metallic	metallic gray-colored
florets	semi-circular and multicolored
streaks	long and flowing shape

Other Sediment Descriptions Used

Agglomerate	Fused-appearance, often vesicular
Clast/inclusion	Non-fused appearance
Xenoclasts	Clasts that have been moved
Fresh	No visible sign of decomposition or discoloration
Winnowed	Loss of fines
Slumped	Settled but intact
Pockets/balls	Semicircular to circular inclusion/deposit
Chunky	Mass of unidentified material

Sediment Core Log Guidelines

_____	color or minor change
_____	major sediment change
_____	depositional change

Core Acceptance Guidelines

1. Desired drive/penetration depth is reached.
2. Core recovery is greater than 70%.
3. Core tube appears intact (no signs of blocking, bending).
4. Minimal sediment loss out the top or bottom (minimal winnowing).

Grab Acceptance Guidelines

1. No or minimal excess water leaking from the jaws of the sampler.
2. No excessive turbidity in the overlaying water of the sampler.
3. Sampler did not over-penetrate.
4. Sediment surface appears to be intact with minimal disturbance.
5. Program-specific penetration (30 centimeters) has been achieved.

NOTES:

*Classification of sediment on core logs is based on visual field observations.
Classification notes should not be construed to imply laboratory testing unless presented herein. Unified Soil Classification System ASTM D-2487 and Visual-manual classification method ASTM D-2488 for the description and identification of soils were used as an identification guide.

Appendix A-2 Portland Harbor PDI Sediment Sampling Equipment List

Safety Equipment

GPS

Cell phones (fully charged) or Satellite phone (if no cell coverage)

VHF radios

Rescue rope in throw bag

Air horns and/or whistles

Waterproof flashlight

Secondary “kicker” motor or alternative propulsion

Bailer or bilge pump/emergency pump

Length of rope for securing boat

US Coast Guard approved Type III or V PFD or life jacket

Type 4 throwable ring or cushion

Type BC fire extinguisher (10 pound) if extra fuel is carried in portable containers.

Anchor with appropriate length of line

First-Aid Kit and AED

Oil booms

PID

Bottled water

Snacks

Float plan

PPE

Boots, waterproof, steel-toed

Gloves, nitrile, heavy outer

Gloves, nitrile, thin inner

Hard hats

Hearing protection

Rain slicks

Safety glasses/goggles

Butcher apron or Tyvek for decon

Warm/dry clothes

Sample Handling

Vibracore sampler, core and tubes ¹

Hydraulic power grab sampler ²

Bowls, large, stainless

Spoons, small, stainless

Spoons, large, stainless

Bottleware, sample analyses specific

Sample labels

core caps ¹

core catchers ¹

Plans

Field Sampling Plan ³

Maps

Health and Safety Plan

Quality Assurance Program Plan

Tools

Hacksaw and Circular saw ¹

Extension cord and power strip ¹

Drywall blade, 6”

Ruler (12 inch/30 cm)

Measuring tape (with 1/10 inch increments) ¹

Rubber mallet ¹

Screwdrivers (Phillips, flat)

Siphon tubes ²

Utility knife

Lead line (if not on vessel)

Supplies

Handheld GPS, fully charged

Camera

Gas for boat, if applicable

Keys for boat, if applicable

White board, white board markers

Bags, plastic zip, gallon-size

Bags, plastic zip, quart-size

Duct tape, electrical tape, and packing tape

Plastic sheeting

Ice

Logs, field ³

Field books

Paper towels

Pens, ballpoint, permanent ³

Sharpies, small and large

Trash bags

Zip ties

4” pipe clamps

Core carrying box

Decon Equipment

Brushes, long-handled

Brushes, short-handled

Detergent, laboratory (e.g., Alconox)

Methanol/hexane in dispensing bottle (optional)

Nitric acid, 10% in dispensing bottle (optional)

5 gallon buckets, or similar

Aluminum foil

Water, distilled in dispensing bottle

Notes:

1: Subsurface Coring specific equipment

2: Surface grab sampling specific

3: Write-in-Rain waterproof paper/pens are recommended

Appendix A-3: Portland Harbor PDI Surface Sediment Sampling Log

Sample Location: _____

Sample Date: ____/____/____

GPS Location Code:	
Weather Conditions:	
Tide (CRD):	
Water Depth (ft):	

Sampling Personnel:

Sample Area (circle one):
Analytical Suite (circle one):

Baseline/BL

SMA/In-water Core

Downtown/Upriver

Full ROD Table 17

Four Focused COCs

Sample Location						
Attempt #	Time	Coordinates		Accepted (Y/N); Photo (Y/N)	Recovery Depth (cm)	Comments: (i.e., winnowing, jaws close, biota, overfill, good seal, sample depth)
		Northing	Easting			

Sediment Description
Moisture: _____ Density: _____ Color: _____ Minor/Major Constituent %: _____ _____ Structure: _____ _____ Odor/Sheen: _____ Redox Potential Discontinuity (RPD): _____ cm Other: _____

Primary Sample Information		
Sample ID	Time	Containers

QA/QC Sample Information				
Sample ID	Time	QA/QC Type	Containers	Primary Sample

EPA Oversight During Sample Collection? No Yes

Additional Comments